MAROTIRI SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

School Directory

Ministry Number:

1808

Principal:

Rose Symes

School Address:

1569 Tihoi Road, Mangakino

School Postal Address:

1569 Tihoi Road, R D 1, Mangakino, 3492

School Phone:

07 372 8273

School Email:

thomasl@marotiri.school.nz

Members of the Board of Trustees

		How	Term
		Position	Expires/
Name	Position	Gained	Expired
Louette Breingan	Chairperson	Elected	2019
Rose Symes	Principal	ex Officio	
Cyn Smith	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Larry Perrott	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
David Dysart	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Mark Robertson	Parent Rep	Elected	2019
Lara Davies	Parent Rep	Co-opted	2019
Sue Stimpson	Staff Rep	Elected	2019

Accountant / Service Provider:

Education Services Ltd

MAROTIRI SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2018

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Marotiri School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2018

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2018 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2018 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Louette Bicingan	Rosemany Symes
Full Name of Board Chairperson	Full Name of Principal
Forein	Lyn
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
20.7.19	J 20-7:19
Date:	Date:

Marotiri School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue	_			000 504
Government Grants	2 3	1,050,151	899,236	922,594
Locally Raised Funds	3	74,998 2,761	49,129 1,700	52,512 2,278
Interest Earned Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		2,761	1,700	2,270
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		200		_
		1,128,110	950,065	977,384
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	24,244	12,350	28,331
Learning Resources	4	712,591	615,539	624,256
Administration	5	86,751	81,488	73,743
Finance Costs	_	441	20	291
Property	6	238,580	225,888	242,376
Depreciation CP	7	46,623	45,000	47,063
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	•	724
Transport		-	•	•
	21	1,109,230	980,285	1,016,784
Net Surplus / (Deficit)		18,880	(30,220)	(39,400)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses			•	<u>.</u> .
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		18,880	(30,220)	(39,400)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Marotiri School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2018

1 of the year chiefe of Becchiber 2010	Actual 2018 \$	Budget (Unaudited) 2018 \$	Actual 2017 \$
Balance at 1 January	387,191	411,155	426,591
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education	18,880	(30,220)	(39,400)
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant	2,442	-	•
Equity at 31 December	408,513	380,935	387,191
Retained Earnings	408,513	380,935	387,191
Equity at 31 December	408,513	380,935	387,191

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Marotiri School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2018

		2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
A		\$	\$	\$
Current Assets	8	65,470	139,060	100,446
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	9	36,219	40,547	35,688
GST Receivable	3	2,848	4,091	-
Prepayments		7,278	5,036	6,925
Inventories	10	1,490	94	1,277
Investments	11	37,805	-	34,487
	-	151,110	188,828	178,823
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable			-	3,959
Accounts Payable	13	53,277	52,115	57,952
Revenue Received in Advance	14	440	120	120
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15		875	
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	16	10,471	8,381	9,609
Funds held in Trust	17	-	3,610	3,277
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	18	-	-	46,416
	_	64,188	65,101	121,333
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		86,922	123,727	57,490
Non-current Assets		251 222	005 700	221 222
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	351,388	285,798	364,660
	-	351,388	285,798	364,660
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	15	21,312	23,629	18,648
Finance Lease Liability	16	8,485	4,961	16,311
	-	29,797	28,590	34,959
Net Assets	-	408,513	380,935	387,191
Equity	=	408,513	380,935	387,191

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Marotiri School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2018

Interest Received 2,611 1,700 2,3 Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities 55,222 126,213 21,5 Cash flows from Investing Activities 200 300 - Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles) (28,815) (15,000) (75,3 Purchase of Investments (3,318) - - - Proceeds from Sale of Investments - - 13,90 Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities (31,933) (14,700) (61,4) Cash flows from Financing Activities 2,442 - - Furniture and Equipment Grant 2,442 - - Finance Lease Payments (9,526) (10,200) (7,58)	83 50 08) 52) 91) 44
Government Grants	83 50 08) 52) 91) 44
Locally Raised Funds 76,196 31,850 52,0 Goods and Services Tax (net) (6,807) - 8,0 Payments to Employees (131,239) (112,650) (115,0 Payments to Suppliers (138,274) 1,132 (224,0 Interest Paid (441) (20) (2 Interest Received 2,611 1,700 2,3 Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities 55,222 126,213 21,5 Cash flows from Investing Activities 200 300 - Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles) (28,815) (15,000) (75,3 Purchase of Investments (3,318) - - Proceeds from Sale of Investments - - 13,9 Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities (31,933) (14,700) (61,4) Cash flows from Financing Activities 2,442 - - Furniture and Equipment Grant 2,442 - - Finance Lease Payments (9,526) (10,200) (7,58)	83 50 08) 52) 91) 44
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Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles) 200 300 - Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles) (28,815) (15,000) (75,3 Purchase of Investments (3,318) - - Proceeds from Sale of Investments - - - 13,99 Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities (31,933) (14,700) (61,4) Cash flows from Financing Activities - - - Furniture and Equipment Grant 2,442 - - Finance Lease Payments (9,526) (10,200) (7,58)	
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Purchase of Investments (3,318) - - Proceeds from Sale of Investments - - 13,9 Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities (31,933) (14,700) (61,4) Cash flows from Financing Activities - - - Furniture and Equipment Grant 2,442 - - Finance Lease Payments (9,526) (10,200) (7,58)	
Proceeds from Sale of Investments - - 13,9 Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities (31,933) (14,700) (61,4) Cash flows from Financing Activities 5 2,442 - <td>98)</td>	98)
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Furniture and Equipment Grant 2,442 - - Finance Lease Payments (9,526) (10,200) (7,58)	69)
Finance Lease Payments (9,526) (10,200) (7,55)	
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Funds Held for Capital Works Projects (47,904) - 110,56	38
Net cash from Financing Activities (58,265) (10,200) 102,63	36
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (34,976) 101,313 62,68	99
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 100,446 37,747 37,74	17
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 8 65,470 139,060 100,44	16

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Marotiri School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Marotiri School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

The School reviews the details of lease agreements at the end of each reporting date. The School believes the classification of each lease as either operation or finance is appropriate and reflects the nature of the agreement in place. Finance leases are disclosed at note 16.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

j) Investments

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. Share investments are recognised initially by the School at fair value plus transaction costs. At balance date the School has assessed whether there is any evidence that an investment is impaired. Any impairment, gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

After initial recognition any investments categorised as available for sale are measured at their fair value without any deduction for transaction costs the school may incur on sale or other disposal.

The School has met the requirements of Schedule 6 para 28 of the Education Act 1989 in relation to the acquisition of investment securities.

k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$500 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (*i.e.* sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (*i.e.* the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Leased Assets

Leases where the School assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The assets acquired by way of finance lease are measured at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Leased assets and corresponding liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and leased assets are depreciated over the period the School is expected to benefit from their use or over the term of the lease.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements18-40 YearsFurniture and Equipment5-15 YearsInformation and Communication5 YearsTextbooks4 YearsLibrary Resources12.5% DV

Leased assets are depreciated over the life of the lease.

I) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software licences with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software that the school receives from the Ministry of Education is normally acquired through a non-exchange transaction and is not of a material amount. It's fair value can be assessed at time of acquisition if no other methods lead to a fair value determination. Computer software purchased directly from suppliers at market rates are considered exchange transactions and the fair value is the amount paid for the software.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

m) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

n) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

o) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

p) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

q) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. The cluster of schools operate activities outside of school control. These amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

t) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "loans and receivables" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised at the amount borrowed. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

0.00			
2. Government Grants	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational grants	229,928	189,901	186,328
Teachers' salaries grants	627,852	540,139	547,819
Use of Land and Buildings grants	165,509 2,078	153,555 100	170,440
Resource teachers learning and behaviour grants	24,784	15,541	18,007
Other MoE Grants	24,704	15,541	10,007
	1,050,151	899,236	922,594
3. Locally Raised Funds			
Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:			
2004) fullation main the construction and are that are	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	20,173	9,300	9,094
Bequests & Grants	3,200	4,000	1,800
Activities	15,355	3,600	12,435
Trading	3,688	3,300	3,307
Fundraising	26,502	20,600	21,706
School House	6,080	8,329	4,170
	74,998	49,129	52,512
Expenses			
Activities	15,006	5,750	16,317
Trading	3,531	3,300	1,642
Fundraising costs	3,552		4,023
School House	2,155	3,300	6,349
	24,244	12,350	28,331
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	50,754	36,779	24,181
Garpina for the year Ecodity fallood fallad	50,104	2011.0	-11141
4. Learning Resources			
4. Ecaning Resources	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	15,218	15,300	14,418
Library resources	170	200	119
Employee benefits - salaries	690,237	590,639	602,336
Staff development	6,966	9,400	7,383

624,256

712,591

615,539

5. Administration

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	3,214	3,093	3,091
Board of Trustees Fees	6,570	6,500	6,290
Board of Trustees Expenses	1,073	1,325	1,111
Communication	1,717	1,900	1,728
Consumables	8,120	7,300	6,486
Operating Lease	62	-	1,239
Other	12,853	14,970	9,297
Employee Benefits - Salaries	37,146	31,000	31,582
Insurance	6,623	6,000	4,393
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	9,373	9,400	8,526
	86,751	81,488	73,743

6. Property

o. Tropolly	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	2,081	2,350	1,203
Cyclical Maintenance Expense	2,664	3,213	570
Grounds	12,386	9,400	9,806
Heat, Light and Water	10,652	11,000	11,367
Repairs and Maintenance	20,582	13,500	14,766
Use of Land and Buildings	165,509	153,555	170,440
Security	58	70	53
Employee Benefits - Salaries	23,148	31,150	32,671
Consultancy And Contract Services	1,500	1,650	1,500
	238,580	225,888	242,376

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Depreciation

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Building Improvements	11,829	8,324	8,706
Furniture and Equipment	12,009	14,461	15,124
Information and Communication Technology	10,810	11,740	12,278
Leased Assets	10,636	9,169	9,589
Library Resources	1,339	1,306	1,366
	46,623	45,000	47,063

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
ASB Cheque Account	48,200	139,060	90,840
ANZ - Bonus A/c	4,357		3,952
ASB CALL ACC-61	12,913	-*:	5,654
Cash equivalents for Cash Flow Statement	65,470	139,060	100,446

The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

9. Accounts Receivable	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	•	490	989
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	-	5,934	-
Interest Receivable	150	66	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	36,069	34,057	34,699
	36,219	40,547	35,688
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	150	556	989
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	36,069	39,991	34,699
	36,219	40,547	35,688
10 Inventories			
10. Inventories	2018	2018 Budget	2017
10. Inventories	2018 Actual	2018 Budget (Unaudited)	2017 Actual
10. Inventories	Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual
10. Inventories Stationery	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual
	Actual \$ 1,490	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 94	Actual \$ - 1,277
	Actual \$ 1,490	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 94	Actual \$ - 1,277
Stationery	Actual \$ 1,490	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 94	Actual \$ 1,277
Stationery 11. Investments	Actual \$ 1,490	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 94 94	Actual \$ - 1,277
Stationery 11. Investments	Actual \$ 1,490 1,490 2018	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 94 94 2018 Budget (Unaudited)	Actual \$ 1,277 1,277 2017 Actual
Stationery 11. Investments	Actual \$ 1,490 1,490	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 94 94 2018 Budget	Actual \$ 1,277 1,277

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

2018	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Building Improvements	252,368	905	-	_	(11,829)	241,444
Furniture and Equipment	51,809	27,812			(12,009)	67,613
Information and Communication Tech	25,148	1,085	-	-	(10,810)	15,423
Leased Assets	24,748	3,420		-	(10,636)	17,532
Library Resources	10,587	128	*	-	(1,339)	9,376
Balance at 31 December 2018	364,660	33,350			(46,623)	351,388

	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2018	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	369,094	(127,650)	241,444
Furniture and Equipment	252,025	(184,412)	67,613
Information and Communication	120,486	(105,063)	15,423
Textbooks	2,180	(2,180)	
Leased Assets	48,120	(30,588)	17,532
Library Resources	55,324	(45,948)	9,376
Balance at 31 December 2018	847,229	(495,841)	351,388

2017	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Building Improvements	198.881	62,192	-		(8,706)	252,368
Furniture and Equipment	56,469	11,191	(724)	₩.	(15,124)	51,809
Information and Communication Tech	37,426	-		-	(12,278)	25,148
Leased Assets	30,685	3,651	-	-	(9,589)	24,748
Library Resources	9,937	2,016	-	-	(1,366)	10,587
Balance at 31 December 2017	333,398	79,050	(724)		(47,063)	364,660

2017	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation \$	Net Book Value \$
Building Improvements	368,189	(115,821)	252,368
Furniture and Equipment	226,215	(174,406)	51,809
Information and Communication	119,401	(94,253)	25,148
Textbooks	2,180	(2,180)	-
Leased Assets	44,699	(19,951)	24,748
Library Resources	55,196	(44,609)	10,587
Balance at 31 December 2017	815,880	(451,220)	364,660

13. Accounts Payable			
	13	Accounts	Pavable

10. Accounts 1 square	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating creditors	8,174	3,570	6,275
Accruals	3,214	3,502	3,091
Capital accruals for PPE items	1,115	-	•
Employee Entitlements - salaries	36,069	34,057	34,699
Employee Entitlements - leave accrual	4,705	10,986	13,887
	53,277	52,115	57,952
Payables for Exchange Transactions	53,277	52,115	57,952
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	•	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	
	53,277	52,115	57,952
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			

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14. Revenue Received in Advance

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Income in Advance	-	120	-
School House Bond	440		120
	440	120	120

15. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

13. Provision for dyelical maintenance	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	18,648	21,291	18,078
Increase to the Provision During the Year	2,664	3,213	570
Provision at the End of the Year	21,312	24,504	18,648
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	-	875	-
Cyclical Maintenance - Term	21,312	23,629	18,648
	21,312	24,504	18,648

16. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	10,471	8,381	9,609
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	8,485	4,961	16,311
	18,956	13,342	25,920

17. Funds held in Trust

Tr. Tulius lielu ili Trust	2018	2018 Budget	2017
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current		3,610	3,277
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Non-current	•	*	**
		3,610	3,277

These funds are held where the school is agent for representative amounts and therefore these are not included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

18. Funds Held (Owed) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

Block E Upgrade Block A Cloakroom Upgrade	2018 completed completed	Opening Balances \$ (102) 46,518	Receipts from MoE \$ 5,166	Payments \$ - 51,684	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M) (102)	Closing Balances \$
Totals		46,416	5,166	51,684	(102)	
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry Funds Due from the Ministry of Educa					-	-
	2017	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$
Admin, Resources & Staff Facilities Rm 6 Refurbishment Block E Upgrade Block A Cloakroom Upgrade	completed completed in progress in progress	(62,193) (471) - -	(384) 36,409 52,688	36,511 6,170	(62,193) (855) - -	- (102) 46,518
Totals		(62,664)	88,713	42,681	(63,048)	46,416

19. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

20. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2018 Actual \$	2017 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	6,570 0.40	6,290 0.30
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	301,446 3.04	217,332 2.00
Total key management personnel remuneration Total full-time equivalent personnel	308,016 3.44	223,622 2.30

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	2018 Actual \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Principal A		
Salary and Other Payments	60 - 70	110 - 120
Benefits and Other Emoluments	1 - 2	3 - 4
Termination Benefits	-	4
Principal B		
Salary and Other Payments	60 - 70	•
Benefits and Other Emoluments	-	-
Termination Benefits	•	•

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2018	2017
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	-	<u> </u>
•	0.00	0.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

21. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2018	2017
	Actual	Actual
Total	*	-
Number of People	•	-

22. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2018 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2017: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry has commenced a review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. The initial phase of this review has identified areas of non-compliance, however the potential impact on any specific school or individual and any associated historical liability will not be known until further detailed analysis has been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2018, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

23. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2018 (Capital commitments at 31 December 2017: nil).

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2018 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of laptops;

	Actual \$	Actual \$
No later than One Year		62
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	•	-
Later than Five Years	-	-
		62

24, Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

2018

2017

25. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Loans and receivables	2018	2018 Budget	2017
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables Investments - Term Deposits	Actual \$ 65,470 36,219 37,805	(Unaudited) \$ 139,060 40,547	Actual \$ 100,446 35,688 34,487
Total Loans and Receivables	139,494	179,607	170,621
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables Borrowings - Loans Finance Leases Painting Contract Liability	53,277 - 18,956	52,115 - 13,342 -	57,952 - 25,920 -
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	72,233	65,457	83,872

26. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

27. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF MAROTIRI SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Marotiri School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Stephen Graham, using the staff and resources of BDO Rotorua Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2018; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with the Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 14 August 2019. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included within the Analysis of Variance, the Board of Trustee Listing and the Kiwisport Report, which form part of the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised): Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Stephen Graham **BDO Rotorua Limited**

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Rotorua, New Zealand